

# Guide to Breaking the Negative Communication Cycle



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## Agree on When to Talk

- Choose a time when both partners feel calm, present, and able to listen. Hard conversations go better when both people can truly show up

2

## Use Secure Attachment Language

- Use words that reinforce safety and teamwork. These phrases help your partner feel that you care about the relationship—not that you’re trying to fight

### Example:

*“I know it can be hard for us to talk about topics we don’t agree on, but I care so much about our relationship that I want us to learn how to be strong communicators. Can we give it a shot?”*

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## Externalize the Cycle-You are the Team

- The enemy is the negative interaction cycle, not each other. Remind yourselves you’re on the same side.

### Example:

*“I care too much about you and our relationship to continue this negative cycle right now. Let’s take a break and come back to it later so we don’t let it hurt us.”*

# 4

## Include Vulnerability

- Vulnerability creates empathy, and empathy opens doors.
- Share the deeper feelings or needs beneath your frustration.

### Example:

*“The reason it’s important for me to talk about our finances is because being financially okay helps me feel safe. I’ve been anxious about it lately, and I’m even losing sleep.”*

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## Address the Behavior, Not the Person

- Focus on *what happened*, not who your partner is.

### Example (Dishes):

When the sink is repeatedly left full, it can feel like:

- *“I don’t respect your time.”*
- *“Your needs aren’t as important as mine.”*
- *“I expect you to clean up after me.”*

These may not be intended—but that may be how they land.

Pause and ask yourself:

*“What am I actually needing right now that I’m not getting?”*

Possible answers:

- Appreciation
- Support
- A Break
- Teamwork
- Emotional Connection

Often, the unspoken message is:

*“I feel alone in this partnership.”*

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## Avoid “Always” and “Never”

- Blanket statements lead to defensiveness and derail the core issue.
- Stick with what is specifically true in the moment.

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## Don’t Get Defensive

- Acknowledge the urge to defend yourself—and choose another path.

Example:

*“I feel the need to start defending myself, but I know that won’t get us anywhere.”*



- Your partner should feel safe bringing up concerns, and you should feel safe knowing those concerns are not attacks on your character

Try Instead:

*“I want to hear you, but it’s hard when I’m feeling attacked. Can we try this in a new way?”*

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## You Don’t Have to Agree

- Understanding each other matters more than agreement.
- Trying to prove each other wrong escalates tension.
- Aim for curiosity, not consensus.

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## Share Appreciations

- Regularly name what you value about your partner.
- Feeling seen and appreciated softens conflict and strengthens security.

### Remember:

You and your partner are a team.  
The goal isn’t to win the argument—it’s to protect the connection.